

A FORCE FOR NEW ZEALAND'S FUTURE

September 2023

Introduction

Purpose of this session – Opportunities for Partners

Overview of the NZDF

Climate Change implications

- Climate security
- NZDF's Emissions Reduction Plan

What now?

- Incorporating innovative use of electric vehicles
- Resilience and adaptation

What next?



Electro Mobility in the military?

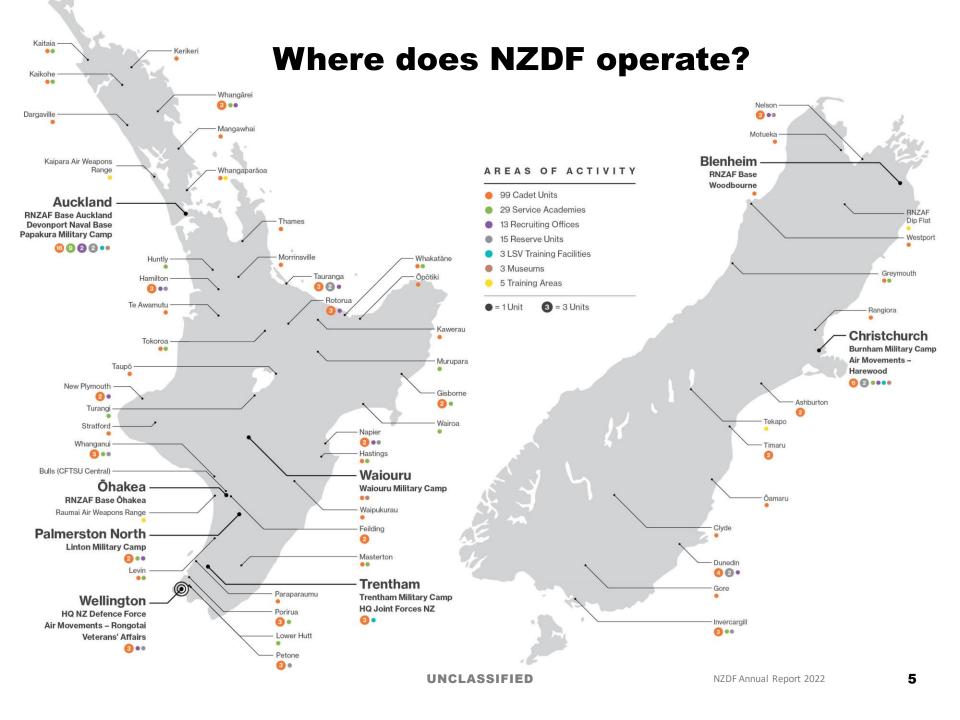




The New Zealand
Defence Force is a
Combat-capable Force -

Trained, Equipped, and Ready to Respond every hour of the day, every day of the year.







Operations (Op)

- 1 Antarctica (Op ANTARCTICA)
- 2 United Kingdom (Op TĪEKE)
- 3 Israel, Lebanon, Syria (Op SCORIA)
- 4 Middle East (Ops PUKEKO, TROY, MOHUA, GALLANT PHOENIX)
- 5 Republic of Korea (Op MONITOR)
- 6 Sinai Peninsula (Op FARAD)
- 7 South Sudan (Op SUDDEN)
- 8 Japan (Op WHIO)
- 9 Solomon Islands (Op SIAST)
- 10 South Pacific (Op CALYPSO)
- 11 South East Asia (Op CRUCIBLE)

Defence Attachés (DA)

- A Defence Adviser United Kingdom (Head of New Zealand Defence Staff)
- B DA Belgium
- C DA United Arab Emirates
- D DA Malaysia
- E DA Singapore
- F DA Indonesia
- G DA China

- H DA Republic of Korea
- I DA Japan
- J Defence Adviser Papua New Guinea
- K Defence Adviser Australia (Head of New Zealand Defence Staff)
- L Defence Adviser Fiji
- M Defence Adviser Tonga

- N Defence Adviser Canada
- DA United States of America (Head of New Zealand Defence Staff)
- P Military Adviser New Zealand Permanent Mission to the United Nations

How does climate change affect the NZDF?

Security impacts of climate change

Climate effects

- Rising temperatures
- Melting ice
- Sea level rise
- Ocean acidification
- Intensifying cyclones
- More or less rainfall
- Floods / Droughts
- Heatwaves

Environmental impacts

- Coral bleaching
- Decreasing fish stocks and marine life
- Coastal erosion
- Increase in soil salinity
- Unproductive land (non cultivable and eventually uninhabitable land)

Social impacts*

- Loss of livelihood
- Water and food scarcity
- Increase in malnutrition
- Loss of jobs / education opportunities
- Loss of cultural identity
- Damage to community infrastructure
- Climate migration

Security implications

- Human security challenges
- Health-related crises
- Resource competition (food and water security)
- Violence from mismanaged adaptation or migration
- Land disputes

Magnified by weak governance

The impacts of climate change will become more pronounced as time goes on

*Social Impacts are often interconnected with economic and political factors

The Climate Crisis: Defence Readiness and Response, 2018

What are we doing about it?

NZDF Climate Change Response Programme

Respond

• to multiple concurrent complex response operations

Adapt

to operate effectively in a changing environment

Mitigate

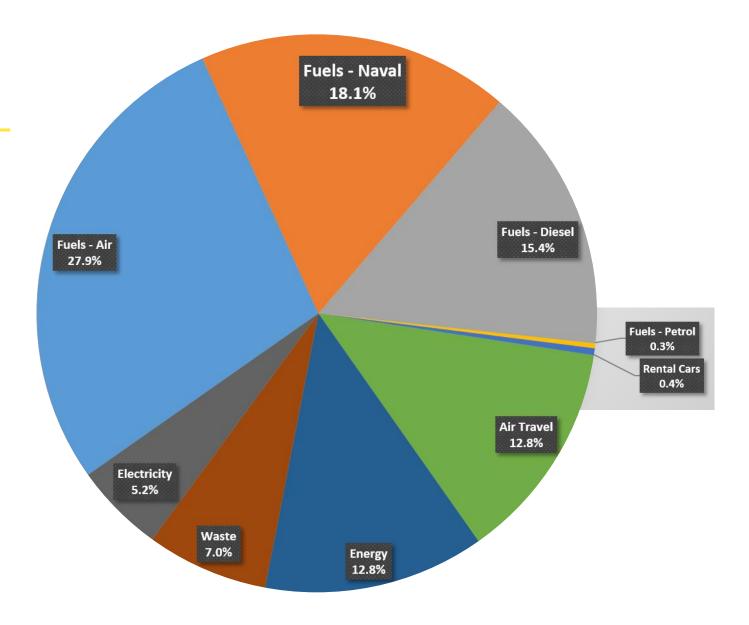
adverse impacts on the climate and wider natural environment

Engage

as trusted partners on climate change and security



NZDF Emissions Profile – Base Year (FY2016/17)

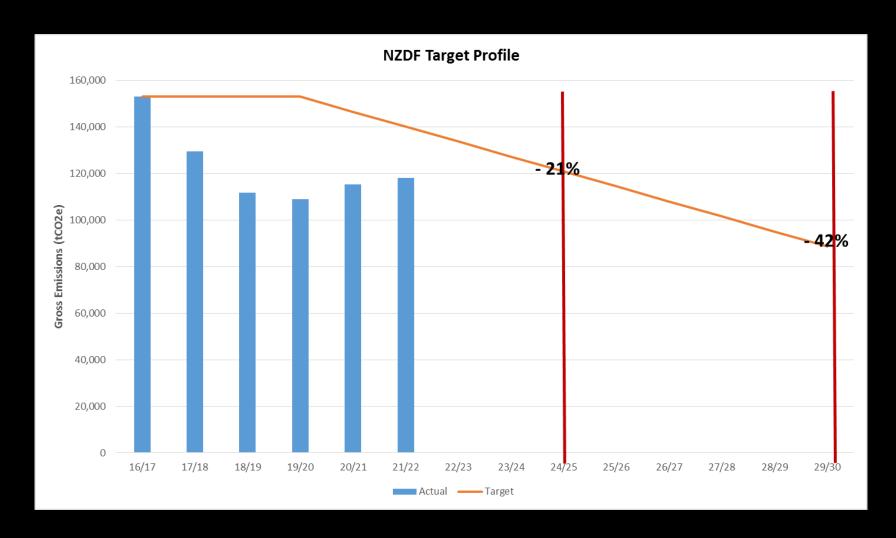




Emissions Reduction Plan

Phase One – Setting 'Direction of Travel'

30 November 2022





Emissions Reduction Plan

Phase One – Setting 'Direction of Travel'

Drivers of Emissions

Fuel

Commercial Travel

Defence Estate

Enabling Change

Data and Information Management

Governance and Partnerships

Innovation and Grassroots
Action

PART 2

What now?

- Innovative use of electric vehicles
- Resilience and adaptation

What next?





What does NZDF use its vehicles for?

- Command, Control and Liaison
- Combat
- Casualty evacuation
- Movement of personnel, equipment and stores
- Transporting heavy equipment
- Transporting and dispensing fuel
- Aircraft Loading and Materiel Handling
- Fire Fighting and Emergency Response
- Humanitarian Aid and Disaster Relief







We need to be resilient and responsive for NZ

Understanding of our Mobility Challenges

Understand our usage profiles better

- what, where, why, how
 - We often operate in off grid and austere environments
 - We often operate off-road and through waterways
 - NZDF Cyclone Gabrielle Response

We need smarter fleet management practices

- Telematics enabled
- Greater use of vehicle pools to optimise fleets
- Expand alternate transport options

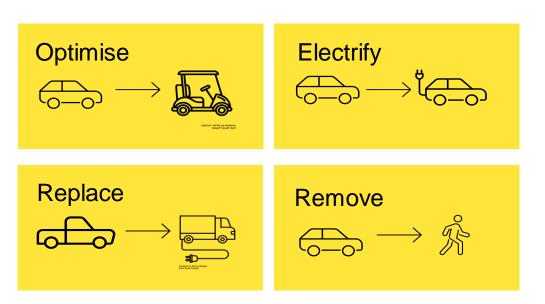






EV in THE NZDF Commercial Line Fleet

- 30 of 600 vehicles transitioned to BEV or PHEV to date.
- Vehicles replaced with an EV where it meets the replacement criteria and user needs.
- NZDF is partnering with SG Fleet and Thundergrid to optimise the current CL Fleet.
- Looking at multiple options for reducing emissions – biofuel, hydrogen.



Resilience and adaptation

CASE STUDY: Responding to Cyclone Gabrielle







FUTURE OPPORTUNITIES

NZDF can't do this in isolation and would like to learn and partner with industry.

Tell us:

What have we missed?

What advice can you provide?

Where do you see future options and opportunities?



A FORCE FOR NZ'S FUTURE

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Defence Industry Association https://www.nzdia.co.nz

